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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/644,417	08/20/2003	Jack Hwang	ITL.0764D1US (P14416D) 6957		
75	590 08/04/2004		EXAMINER		
TROP, PRUNER & HU, P.C.			PRENTY,	PRENTY, MARK V	
Suite 100			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
8554 Katy Free	way		711010111		
Houston, TX 77024		2822			
			DATE MAILED: 08/04/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/644,417	HWANG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	MARK V PRENTY	2822				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONI	imely filed sys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this condition (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 J	<u>uly 2004</u> .					
,	s action is non-final.					
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under l	<i>Ex par</i> τe Q <i>uayie</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 11 and 13-24 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 11 and 13-24 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
The dath of declaration is objected to by the E.	xammer. Note the attached Office	a Action of John Ph	O-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			,			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National S	Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receiv	cu.				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		Patent Application (PTO	-152)			

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This Office Action is in response to the amendment filed on July 15, 2004.

The specification's reference (on page 1) to the parent application should be amended/updated to include its patented status.

Claims 11 and 13-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu (United States Patent 6,368,947 – hereafter Yu '947 – already of record).

With respect to independent claim 11, Yu '947 discloses (see the entire reference, including the Fig. 2 disclosure) a semiconductor structure comprising: a gate 36; and an implanted region 40 including both germanium (see column 5, lines 38-62) and P-type impurities (i.e., boron - see column 5, lines 63-67) wherein the ratio of germanium to P-type impurities is greater than one (see column 5, lines 55-57 and 63-67).

Claim 11 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 13, Yu '947's ratio of germanium to P-type impurities is approximately four to one (see column 5, lines 55-57 and 63-67).

Claim 13 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 14, Yu '947's P-type impurities are boron impurities (see column 5, lines 63-66).

Claim 14 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

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With respect to dependent claim 15, Yu '947's germanium is implanted to a depth greater than about 150 Angstroms (see column 5, lines 38-42).

Claim 15 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 16, Yu '947's implanted region 40 is a source/drain extension (see Fig. 3 together with column 4, lines 22-30).

Claim 16 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 17, Yu '947's implanted region 40 is a strained (by virtue of the germanium implant being higher than the boron implant – see column 5, lines 55-57 and 63-67) source/drain junction (see the Abstract, for example).

Claim 17 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 18, Yu '947's structure includes a polysilicon gate 36 (see column 5, lines 1-2).

Claim 18 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 19, Yu '947's structure includes a polysilicon gate 36 with sidewall spacers 32 (see column 5, lines 1-2 and 8).

Claim 19 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

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With respect to independent claim 20, Yu '947 discloses an integrated circuit (see the entire patent, including the Fig. 2 disclosure) comprising: a semiconductor structure 14; a gate 36 formed on said semiconductor structure; and a source 40 and a drain region 40, said source and drain region including both germanium (see column 5, lines 38-62) and a P-type impurity (i.e., boron - see column 5, lines 63-67), said source and drain region being strained (by virtue of the germanium implant being higher than the boron implant – see column 5, lines 55-57 and 63-67).

Claim 20 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 21, Yu '947's ratio of germanium to P-type impurities is greater than one to one (see column 5, lines 55-57 and 63-67).

Claim 21 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 22, Yu '947's ratio of germanium to P-type impurities is approximately four to one (see column 5, lines 55-57 and 63-67).

Claim 22 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

With respect to dependent claim 23, Yu '947's P-type impurities are boron impurities (see column 5, lines 63-66).

Claim 23 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

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With respect to dependent claim 24, Yu '947's implanted region 40 is a source/drain extension (see Fig. 3 together with column 4, lines 22-30).

Claim 24 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yu '947.

Claims 11, 13-15, 18 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brown et al. (United States Patent 6,486,510 – hereafter Brown – already of record).

With respect to independent claim 11, Brown discloses (see the entire reference, including the Fig. 5 disclosure) a semiconductor structure comprising: a gate 14; and an implanted region 12 including both germanium (see column 3, lines 3-26) and P-type impurities (see the sentence bridging columns 2 and 3) wherein the ratio of germanium to P-type impurities is greater than one (see column 3, lines 3-18, and the sentence bridging columns 2 and 3).

Claim 11 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brown.

With respect to dependent claim 13, Brown's ratio of germanium to P-type impurities is approximately four to one (see column 3, lines 3-18, and the sentence bridging columns 2 and 3).

Claim 13 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brown.

With respect to dependent claim 14, Brown's P-type impurities are boron impurities (see the sentence bridging columns 2 and 3).

Claim 14 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brown.

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With respect to dependent claim 15, Brown's germanium is implanted to a depth greater than about 150 Angstroms (see column 3, lines 3-12).

Claim 15 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brown.

With respect to dependent claim 18, Brown's structure includes a polysilicon gate 14 (see column 3, lines 39-41).

Claim 18 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brown.

With respect to dependent claim 19, Brown's structure includes a polysilicon gate 14 with sidewall spacers 16 (see column 3, lines 39-41 and 54-57).

Claim 19 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brown.

Claims 20, 23 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Liu et al. (United States Patent Application Publication US 2002/0086502 – hereafter Liu – already of record).

With respect to independent claim 20, Liu discloses an integrated circuit (see the entire patent, including the Fig. 6 disclosure) comprising: a semiconductor structure 102; a gate 106 formed on said semiconductor structure; and a source 122 and a drain region 122, said source and drain region including both germanium (see paragraph [0016]) and a P-type impurity (see paragraph [0017]), said source and drain region being strained (by virtue of the germanium and P-type impurity implants being different – see paragraphs [0016] and [0017]).

Claim 20 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Liu.

With respect to dependent claim 23, Liu's P-type impurities are boron impurities (see paragraph [0017]).

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Claim 23 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Liu.

With respect to dependent claim 24, Liu's implanted region 122 is a source/drain extension (see paragraph [0018]).

Claim 24 is thus rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Liu.

The applicant's arguments are vague and thus not persuasive in general because they fail to specifically address each of the various rejections and each of the applied prior art references.

To the extent the applicant's vague arguments are possibly directed to the maintained rejection based on Yu '947, they are not persuasive. Specifically, the ratio of germanium to P-type impurities in Yu '947's region 40 (Fig. 2) is greater than one (thus resulting in a strained junction) because region 40's germanium concentration is higher than its P-type impurities concentration (by virtue of the germanium being implanted at a higher dose than the P-type impurities and to the same depth).

To the extent the applicant's vague arguments are possibly directed to the maintained rejection based on Brown, they are not persuasive. Specifically, the ratio of germanium to P-type impurities in Brown's region 12 (Fig. 5) is greater than one because region 12's germanium concentration is higher than its P-type impurities concentration (see column 3, lines 3-21, and the paragraph bridging columns 2 and 3).

To the extent the applicant's vague arguments are possibly directed to the maintained rejection based on Liu, they are not persuasive. Specifically, Liu's source/drain region 122 (Fig. 6) is strained because its germanium concentration is

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different than its P-type impurities concentration (by virtue of the germanium being

implanted at a different dose than the P-type impurities and to the same depth).

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Registered practitioners can telephone the examiner at (571) 272-1843. Any

voicemail message left for the examiner must include the name and registration number

of the registered practitioner calling, and the Application/Control (Serial) Number.

Technology Center 2800's general telephone number is (571) 272-2800.